TEST PAPER KVPY-2015

Date: 01-11-2015 Time Allowed: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 160

KISHORE VAIGYANIK PROTSAHAN YOJANA STREAM (SB/SX)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MARKING ON ANSWER SHEET

- Immediately fill the particulars on this page of the Test Booklet with Blue / Black Ball Point Pen. Use of pencil is strictly prohibited.
- 2. The Test Booklet consists of 120 questions.
- 3. There are Two parts in the question paper. The distribution of marks subjectwise in each part is as under for each correct response.

MARKING SCHEME:

PART-I

MATHEMATICS

Question No. 1 to 20 consist of ONE (1) mark for each correct response.

PHYSICS

Question No. 21 to 40 consist of ONE (1) mark for each correct response.

CHEMISTRY

Question No. 41 to 60 consist of ONE (1) mark for each correct response.

BIOLOGY

Question No. 61 to 80 consist of ONE (1) mark for each correct response.

PART-II

MATHEMATICS

Question No. 81 to 90 consist of TWO (2) marks for each correct response.

PHYSICS

Question No. 91 to 100 consist of TWO (2) marks for each correct response.

CHEMISTRY

Question No. 101 to 110 consist of TWO (2) marks for each correct response.

BIOLOGY

Question No. 111 to 120 consist of TWO (2) marks for each correct response.

- 4. Candidates will be awarded marks as stated above in Instructions No. 3 for correct response of each question.for Part-I 0.25 marks will be deducted for indicating incorrect response of each question and for Part-II 0.50 marks will be deducted for indicating incorrect response of each question. No deduction from the total score will be made if no response is indicated for an item in the Answer sheet.
- 5. No candidate is allowed to carry any textual material, printed or written, bits of papers, paper, mobile phone, any electronic device, etc., except the Admit Card inside the examination hall/room.
- **6.** Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only. This space is given at the bottom of each page.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty in the Room/Hall. However, the candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 8. Do not fold or make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet.



HEAD OFFICE

A-1/169, Main Najafgarh Road, Janakpuri, New Delhi-110058 Phone: 011-41024601-04 E-mail: info@targetpmt.in Website: www.targetpmt.in

PART-I

One Mark Questions

MATHEMATICS

Choose the correct (\checkmark) answer:

1. The number of ordered pairs (x, y) of real numbers that satisfy the simultaneous equations

$$x + y^2 = x^2 + y = 12$$
 is

(1) 0

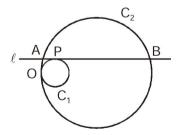
(2) 1

(3) 2

- (4) 4
- 2. If z is a complex satisfying $|z^3 + z^{-3}| \le 2$, then the maximum possible value of $|z + z^{-1}|$ is
 - (1) 2

- $(2) \sqrt[3]{2}$
- (3) $2\sqrt{2}$
- (4) 1
- 3. The largest perfect square that divides $2014^3 2013^3 + 2012^3 2011^3 + \dots + 2^3 1^3$ is
 - $(1) 1^2$

- $(2) 2^{2}$
- $(3) 1007^2$
- $(4) 2014^2$
- **4.** Suppose OABC is a rectangle in the xy-plane where O is the origin and A, B lie on the parabola $y = x^2$. Then C must lie on the curve
 - (1) $y = x^2 + 2$
- (2) $y = 2x^2 + 1$
- (3) $y = -x^2 + 2$
- (4) $y = -2x^2 + 1$
- **5.** Circles C_1 and C_2 , of radii r and R respectively, touch each other as shown in the figure. The line ℓ , which is parallel to the line joining the centres of C_1 and C_2 , is tangent to C_1 at P and intersects C_2 at A, B. If $R^2 = 2r^2$, then \angle AOB equals



- (1) $22\frac{1^{\circ}}{2}$
- (2) 45°
- (3) 60°
- (4) $67\frac{1^{\circ}}{2}$
- **6.** The shortest distance from the origin to a variable point on the sphere

$$(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 + (z-6)^2 = 1$$
 is

(1) 5

(2) 6

(3) 7

- (4) 8
- 7. The number of real numbers λ for which the equality

$$\frac{\sin(\lambda\alpha)}{\sin\alpha} - \frac{\cos(\lambda\alpha)}{\cos\alpha} = \lambda - 1$$

holds for all real α which are not integral multiples of $\frac{\pi}{2}$

- is
- (1) 1

(2) 2

(3) 3

- (4) Infinite
- 8. Suppose ABCDEF is a hexagon such that AB = BC = CD = 1 and DE = EF = FA = 2. If the vertices A, B, C, D, E, F are concyclic, the radius of the circle passing through them is
 - (1) $\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$
- (2) $\sqrt{\frac{7}{3}}$
- (3) $\sqrt{\frac{11}{5}}$
- (4) √2
- **9.** Let p(x) be a polynomial such that p(x) p'(x) = x", where n is a positive integer. Then p(0) equals
 - (1) n!

(2) (n-1)!

(3) $\frac{1}{n!}$

(4) $\frac{1}{(n-1)!}$

10. The value of the limit

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{x}{\sin x}\right)^{6/x^2} \ is$$

(1) e

- (2) e^{-1}
- (3) $e^{-1/6}$
- $(4) e^{6}$

11. Among all sectors of a fixed perimeter, choose the one with maximum area. Then the angle at the center of this sector (i.e., the angle between the bounding radii) is

(1) $\frac{\pi}{3}$

- (3) $\sqrt{3}$
- (4) 2

12. Define a function $f: R \rightarrow R$ by $f(x) = max\{|x|, |x-1|, ..., |x-1|\}$ |x - 2n|,

where n is a fixed natural number. Then $\int f(x)dx$ is

(1) n

(3) 3n

 $(4) 3n^2$

13. If p(x) is a cubic polynomial with p(1) = 3, p(0) = 2 and

$$p(-1) = 4$$
, then $\int_{-1}^{1} p(x)dx$ is

(1) 2

(2) 3

(3) 4

(4) 5

14. Let x > 0 be a fixed real number. Then the integral

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-1} |x-t| dt \text{ is equal to}$$

- (1) $x + 2e^{-x} 1$
- (2) $x 2e^{-x} + 1$
- (3) $x + 2e^{-x} + 1$
- (4) $-x 2e^{-x} + 1$

15. An urn contains marbles of four colours: red, white, blue and green. When four marbles are drawn without replacement, the following events are equally likely:

- (a) the selection of four red marbles;
- (b) the selection of one white and three red marbles:
- (c) the selection of one white, one blue and two red marbles:
- (d) the selection of one marble of each colour.

The smallest total number of marbles satisfying the given condition is

(1) 19

(2) 21

(3) 46

(4) 69

16. There are 6 boxes labelled B₁, B₂,, B₆. In each trial, two fair dice D_1 , D_2 are thrown. If D_1 shows j and D_2 shows k, then j balls are put into the box B_k. After n trials, what is the probability that B₁ contains at most one ball?

$$(1) \quad \left(\frac{5^{n-1}}{6^{n-1}}\right) + \left(\frac{5^n}{6^n}\right) \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \qquad (2) \quad \left(\frac{5^n}{6^n}\right) + \left(\frac{5^{n-1}}{6^{n-1}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

(2)
$$\left(\frac{5^n}{6^n}\right) + \left(\frac{5^{n-1}}{6^{n-1}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

(3)
$$\left(\frac{5^n}{6^n}\right) + n\left(\frac{5^{n-1}}{6^{n-1}}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$$
 (4) $\left(\frac{5^n}{6^n}\right) + n\left(\frac{5^{n-1}}{6^{n-1}}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6^2}\right)$

17. Let $\vec{a} = 6\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} - 6\vec{k}$ and $\vec{d} = \vec{i} + \vec{j} + \vec{k}$. Suppose that $\vec{a} = \vec{b} + \vec{c}$ where \vec{b} is parallel to \vec{d} and \vec{c} is perpendicular to d. Thenc is

- (1) $5\vec{i} 4\vec{i} \vec{k}$
- (2) $7\vec{i} 2\vec{i} 5\vec{k}$
- (3) $4\vec{i} 5\vec{j} + \vec{k}$
- (4) $3\vec{i} + 6\vec{j} 9\vec{k}$

18. If $\log_{(3x-1)}(x-2) = \log_{(9x^2-6x+1)}(2x^2-10x-2)$ then x

equals

- (1) $9 \sqrt{15}$
- (2) $3 + \sqrt{15}$
- (3) $2+\sqrt{5}$
- (4) $6-\sqrt{5}$

19. Suppose a, b, c are positive integers such that

$$2^{a} + 4^{b} + 8^{c} = 328$$
. Then $\frac{a + 2b + 2c}{abc}$ is equal to

(1) $\frac{1}{2}$

20. The sides of a right-angled triangle are integers. The length of one of the sides is 12. The largest possible radius of the incircle of such a triangle is

(1) 2

(2) 3

(3) 4

(4) 5

PHYSICS

- 21. A small box resting on one edge of the table is struck in such a way that is slides off the other edge, 1 m away, after 2 seconds. The coefficient of kinetic friction between the box and the table
 - (1) must be less than 0.05
 - (2) must be exactly zero
 - (3) must be more than 0.05
 - (4) must be exactly 0.05
- 22. Carbon-11 decays to boron-11 according to the following formula

$$^{11}_{6}C \rightarrow^{11}_{5}B + e^{+} + v_{e} + 0.96MeV$$

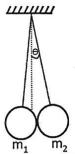
Assume that positions (e⁺) produced in the decay combine with free electrons in the atmosphere and annihilate each other almost immediately. Also assume that the neutrinos (V_e) are massless and do not interact with the environment. At t = 0 we have 1 μ g of $^{12}_{6}$ C. If the half-life of the decay process is t_0 , the net energy produced between time t = 0 and $t = 2t_0$ will be nearly

- (1) $8 \times 10^{18} \,\text{MeV}$
- (2) 8 × 10¹⁶ MeV
- (3) $4 \times 10^{18} \text{ MeV}$
- (4) $4 \times 10^{16} \text{ MeV}$
- 23. Two uniform plates of the same thickness and area but of different materials, one shaped like an isosceles triangle and the other shaped like a rectangle are joined together to form a composite body as shown in the figure. If the centre of mass of the composite body is located at 26. A boy is standing on top of a tower of height 85 m and the midpoint of their common side, the ratio between masses of the triangle to that of the rectangle is
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2) 4:3
 - (3) 3:4
 - (4) 2:1



24. Two spherical objects each of radii R and masses m₁ and m₂ are suspended using two strings of equal length L as shown in the figure (R << L). The angle, 0 which mass m₂ makes with the vertical is approximately

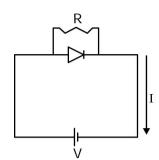
- (1) $\frac{m_1R}{(m_1+m_2)L}$
- (2) $\frac{2 m_1 + m_2}{(m_1 + m_2)L}$
- (3) $\frac{2m_2R}{(m_1 + m_2)L}$

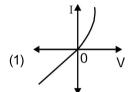


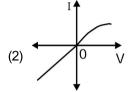
- 25. A horizontal disk of moment of inertia 4.25 kg-m² with respect to its axis of symmetry is spinning counter clockwise at 15 revolutions per second about its axis, as viewed from above. A second disk of moment of inertia 1.80 kg-m² with respect to its axis of symmetry is spinning clockwise at 25 revolutions per second as viewed from above about the same axis and is dropped on top of the first disk. The two disks stick together and rotate as one about their axis of symmetry. The new angular velocity of the system as viewed from above is close to
 - (1) 18 revolutions/second and clockwise.
 - (2) 18 revolutions/second and counter clockwise.
 - (3) 3 revolutions/second and clockwise.
 - (4) 3 revolutions/second and counter clockwise.
- throws a ball in the vertically upward direction with a certain speed. If 5.25 seconds later he hears the ball hitting the ground, then the speed with which the boy threw the ball is (take g - 10 m/s², speed of sound in air, = 340 m/s

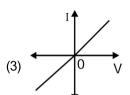
 - (1) 6 m/s
 - (2) 8 m/s
 - (3) 10 m/s
 - (4) 12 m/s

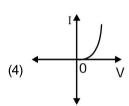
is the most likely current (I) - voltage (V) charactersitic?











- 28. A beam of monoenergetic electrons, which have been accelerated from rest by a potential U, is used to form an interference pattern in a Young's Double Slit experiment. The electrons are now accelerated by potential 4U. Then the fringe width
 - (1) remains the same.
 - (2) is half the original fringe width,
 - (3) is twice the original fringe width.
 - (4) is one-fourth the original fringe width,
- **29.** A point charge Q (= 3×10^{-12} C) rotates uniformly in a vertical circle of radius R = 1 mm. The axis of the circle is aligned along the magnetic axis of the earth. At what value of the angular speed ω, the effective magnetic field at the center of the circle will be reduced to zero? (Horizontal component of Earth's magnetic field is 30) micro Tesla)
 - (1) 10¹¹ rad/s
- $(2) 10^9 \text{ rad/s}$
- (3) 10¹³ rad/s
- (4) 10^7 rad/s

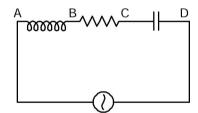
- 27. For a diode connected in parallel with a resistor, which 30. A closed bottle containing water at 30°C is open on the surface of the moon, Then
 - (1) the water will boil.
 - (2) the water will come out as a spherical ball.
 - (3) the water will freeze.
 - (4) the water will decompose into hydrogen and oxygen.
 - **31.** A simple pendulum of length *l* is made to oscillate with an amplitude of 45 degrees. The acceleration due to gravity is g. Let $T_0 = 2\pi \sqrt{l/g}$. The lime period of oscillation of this pendulum will be
 - (1) T₀ irrespective of the amplitude.
 - (2) slightly less than T₀.
 - (3) slightly more than T₀.
 - (4) dependent on whether it swings in a plane aligned with the north-south or cast-west directions.
 - 32. An ac voltmeter connected between points A and B in the circuit below reads 36 V. If it is connected between A and C, the reading is 39 V. The reading when it is connected between B and D is 25 V. What will the voltmeter read when it is connected between A and D? (Assume that the voltmeter reads true rms voltage values and that the source generates a pure ac.)
 - (1) $\sqrt{481}$ V



(3) 61 V

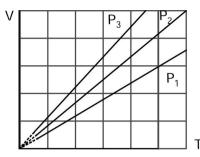
(2) 31 V

(4) $\sqrt{3361}$ V



- 33. A donor atom in a semiconductor has a loosely bound electron. The orbit of this electron is considerably affected by the semiconductor material but behaves in many ways like an electron orbiting a hydrogen nucleus. Given that the electron has an effective mass of 0.07m_e, (where m_e is mass of the free electron) and the space in which it moves has a permittivity $13\varepsilon_0$, then the radius of the electron's lowermost energy orbit will be close to (The Bohr radius of the hydrogen atom is 0.53 Å)
 - (1) 0.53 Å
- (2) 243 Å
- (3) 10 Å
- (4) 100 Å

graph depicts three such isobaric lines. Which of the following is true about the pressures of the gas?



- (1) $P_1 = P_2 = P_3$ (2) $P_1 > P_2 > P_3$
- (3) $P_1 < P_2 < P_3$ (4) $P_1/P_2 = P_3/P_1$
- 35. A metallic ring of radius a and resistance R is held fixed with its axis along a spatially uniform magnetic field whose magnitude is $B_0 \sin(\omega t)$. Neglect gravity. Then,
 - (1) the current in the ring oscillates with a frequency of 2ω.
 - (2) the Joule healing loss in the ring is proportional to a^2 .
 - (3) the force per unit length on the ring will be proportional to B_0^2 .
 - (4) the net force on the ring is non-zero.
- **36.** The dimensions of the area A of a black hole can be written in terms of the universal gravitational constant G. its mass M and the speed of tight c as $A = G^{\alpha}M^{\beta}c^{\gamma}$. Here
 - (1) $\alpha = -2$, $\beta = -2$ and $\gamma = 4$
 - (2) $\alpha = 2$, $\beta = 2$ and $\gamma = -4$
 - (3) $\alpha = 3$, $\beta = 3$ and $\gamma = -2$
 - (4) $\alpha = -3$, $\beta = -3$ and $\gamma = 2$

- 34. The state of an ideal gas was changed isobarically. The 137. A 160 watt infrared source is radiating light of wavelength 50000 Å uniformly in all directions. The photon flux at a distance of 1.8 m is of the order of
 - (1) $10 \text{ m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
- (2) $10^{10} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$
- (3) $10^{15} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$ (4) $10^{20} \,\mathrm{m}^{-2} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$
- **38.** A wire bent in the shape of a regular n polygonal loop carries a steady current I, Let l be the perpendicular distance of a given segment and R be the distance of a vertex both from the centre of the loop. The magnitude of the magnetic field at the centre of the loop is given by

 - (1) $\frac{n\mu_0 I}{2\pi l} \sin(\pi/n)$ (2) $\frac{n\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \sin(\pi/n)$

 - (3) $\frac{n\mu_0 I}{2\pi l}\cos(\pi/n)$ (4) $\frac{n\mu_0 I}{2\pi R}\cos(\pi/n)$
- 39. The intensity of sound during me festival season increased by 100 times. This could imply a decibel level rise from.
 - (1) 20 to 120 dB
- (2) 70 to 72 dB
- (3) 100 to 10000 dB
- (4) 80 to 100 dB
- 40. One end of a slack wire (Young's modulus Y, length L and cross-sectional area A) is clamped to a rigid wall and the other end to a block (mass m) which rests on a smooth horizontal plane. The block is set in motion with a speed v. What is the maximum distance the block will travel after the wine becomes taut?
 - (1) $V\sqrt{\frac{mL}{\Delta Y}}$
- (2) $v\sqrt{\frac{2mL}{AY}}$
- (3) $V\sqrt{\frac{mL}{2\Delta V}}$
- (4) $L\sqrt{\frac{mv}{\Delta v}}$

CHEMISTRY

- **41.** The Lewis acid strength of BBr₃, BCl₃ and BF₃ is in the ¹/₁ **48.** The structure of the polymer obtained by the following order
 - (1) $BBr_3 < BCl_3 < BF_3$
- (2) $BCI_3 < BF_3 < BBr_3$
- (3) $BF_3 < BCI_3 < BBr_3$
 - (4) $BBr_3 < BF_3 < BCl_3$
- **42.** O²⁻ isoelectronic with
 - (1) Zn²⁺
- (2) Mg²⁺

(3) K⁺

- (4) Ni²⁺
- **43.** The H-C-H, H-N-H, and H-O-H bond angles (in degrees) in methane, ammonia and water are respectively, closest to
 - (1) 109.5, 104.5, 107.1
- (2) 109.5, 107.1, 104.5
- (3) 104.5, 107.1, 109.5
- (4) 107.1, 104.5, 109,5
- 44. In alkaline medium, the reaction of hydrogen peroxide with potassium permanganate produces a compound in which the oxidation state of Mn is
 - (1) 0

(3) + 3

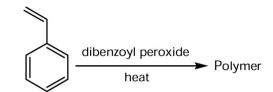
- (4) + 4
- **45.** The rate constant of a chemical reaction at a very high temperature will approach
 - (1) Arrhenius frequency factor divided by the ideal gas 50. When H₂S gas is passed through a hot acidic aqueous constant
 - (2) activation energy
 - (3) Arrhenius frequency factor
 - (4) activation energy divided by the ideal gas constant
- **46.** The standard reduction potentials (in V) of a few metal | **51.** The electronic configuration of an element with the largest ion/metal electrodes are given below.

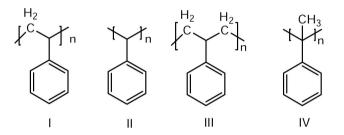
$$Cr^{3+}/Cr = -0.74$$
; $Cu^{2+}/Cu = +0.34$; $Pb^{2+}/Pb = -0.13$;

 $Ag^{+}/Ag = +0.8$. The reducing strength of the metals follows the order

- (1) Ag > Cu > Pb > Cr (2) Cr > Pb > Cu > Ag
- (3) Pb > Cr > Ag > Cu
- (4) Cr > Ag > Cu > Pb
- 47. Which of the following molecules can exhibit optical activity?
 - (1) I-bromopropane
- (2) 2-bromobutane
- (3) 3-bromopentane
- (4) bromocyclohexane

reaction is





(1) I

(2) II

(3) III

- (4) IV
- 49. The major product of the reaction between CH₃CH₂ONa and (CH₃)₃CCI in ethanol is
 - (1) $CH_3CH_2OC(CH_3)_3$
- (2) $CH_2 = C(CH_3)_2$
- (3) $CH_3CH_2C(CH_3)_3$
- (4) $CH_3CH = CHCH_3$
- solution containing Al³⁺, Cu²⁺, Pb²⁺ and Ni²⁺ a precipitate is formed which consists of
 - (1) CuS and Al_2S_3
- (2) PbS and NiS
- (3) CuS and NiS
- (4) PbS and CuS
- difference between the Ist and 2nd utilization energies is
 - (1) $1s^22s^22p^6$
- $(2) 1s^22s^22p^63s^1$
- (3) $1s^22s^22p^63s^2$
- (4) $1s^22s^22p^1$
- **52.** The order of electronegativity of carbon tn sp, sp² and sp³ hybridized states follows
 - (1) $sp > sp^2 > sp^3$
- (2) $sp^3 > sp^2 > sp$
- (3) $sp > sp^3 > sp^2$
- (4) $sp^2 > sp > sp^3$
- 53. The most abundant transition metal in human body is
 - (1) copper
- (2) iron
- (3) zinc
- (4) manganese

- **54.** The molar conductivities of HCl, NaCl, CH₃COOH and CH₃COONa at infinite dilution follow the order
 - (1) HCI > CH₃COOH > NaCl > CH₃COONa
 - (2) CH₃COONa > HCl > NaCl > CH,COOH
 - (3) HCI > NaCI > CH₃COOH > CH₃COONa
 - (4) CH₃COOH > CH₃COONa > HCI > NaCl
- **55.** The spin only magnetic moment of $[ZCI_4]^{2-}$ is 3.87 BM where Z is
 - (1) Mn
- (2) Ni

- (3) Co
- (4) Cu
- **56.** If α -D-glucose is dissolved in water and kept for a few hours, the major constituent(s) present in the solution is (are)
 - (1) α -D-glucose
 - (2) mixture of β-D-glucose and open chain D-glucose
 - (3) open chain D-glucose
 - (4) mixture of α -D-glucose and β -D-glucose
- **57.** The pH of IN aqueous solutions of HCl, CH₃COOH and HCOOH follows the order
 - (1) HCI > HCOOH > CH₃COOH
 - (2) HCI = HCOOH > CH₃COOH
 - (3) CH₃COOH > HCOOH > HCI
 - (4) CH₃COOH = HCOOH > HCI
- 58. The major product of the reaction

(1) I

(2) II

(3) III

- (4) IV
- 59. Reaction of aniline with NaNO₂⁺ + dil, HCl at 0°C followed by reaction with CuCN yields

(1) I

(2) II

(3) III

- (4) IV
- 60. Schottky defect in a crystal arises due to
 - (1) creation of equal number of cation and anion vacancies
 - (2) creation of unequal number of cation and anion vacancies
 - (3) migration of cations to interstitial voids
 - (4) migration of anions to interstitial voids

BIOLOGY

- rejection of graft post organ transplantation by
 - (1) inhibiting T cell infiltration
 - (2) killing B cells
 - (3) killing macrophages
 - (4) killing dendritic cells
- 62. Which one of these substances will repress the lacoperon?
 - (1) Arabinose
- (2) Glucose
- (3) Lactose
- (4) Tryptophan
- 63. Assume a spherical mammalian cell has a diameter of conformation has to stretch across the cell, how many amino acids should it be comprised of?
 - (1) 18000
- (2) 1800
- (3) 27000
- (4) 12000
- 64. Which one of the following has phosphoric acid anhydride: bonds?
 - (1) Deoxy ribonucleic acid
 - (2) Ribonucleic acid
 - (3) dNTPs
 - (4) Phospholipids
- 65. The two components of autonomous nervous system have 70. Phospholipids are formed by the esterification of antagonistic actions. But in certain cases their effects are mutually helpful. Which of the following statement is correct?
 - At rest, the control of heart beat is not by the vagus
 - (2) During exercise the sympathetic control decreases
 - (3) During exercise the parasympathetic control decreases
 - (4) Stimulation of sympathetic system results in constriction of the pupil

- 61. Immunosuppressive drugs like cyclosporin delay the 66. In a random DNA sequence, what is the lowest frequency of encountering a stop codon?
 - (1) 1 in 20
- (2) 1 in 3
- (3) 1 in 64
- (4) 1 in 10
- 67. The two alleles that determine the blood group AB of an individual are located on
 - (1) two different autosomes
 - (2) the same autosome
 - (3) two different sex chromosomes
 - (4) one on sex chromosome and the other on an autosome
- 27 microns. If a polypeptide chain with alpha helical 68. In biotechnology applications, a selectable marker is incorporated in a plasmid
 - (1) to increase its copy number
 - (2) to increase the transformation efficiency
 - (3) to eliminate the non-transformants
 - (4) to increase the expression of the gene of interest
 - **69.** Spermatids are formed after the second meiotic division from secondary spermatocytes. The ploidy of the secondary' spermatocytes is
 - (1) n

- (2) 2n
- (3) 3n

- (4) 4n
- - (1) three ethanol molecules with three fatty acid molecules.
 - (2) one glycerol and two fatty acid molecules.
 - (3) one glycerol and three fatty acid molecules.
 - (4) one ethylene glycol and two fatty acids molecules.
- 71. Given the fact that histone binds DNA, it should be rich in
 - (1) arginine, lysine
- (2) cysteine, methionine
- (3) glutamate, aspartate (4) isoleucine, leucine

- would be the minimum number of nucleotides in the mRNA that codes for this polypeptide? Assume that molecular weight of each amino acid is 90 Da.
 - (1) 510
- (2) 663
- (3) 123
- (4) 170
- 73. Melting temperature for double stranded DNA is the temperature at which 50% of the double stranded molecules are converted into single stranded molecules. Which one of the following DNA will have the highest melting temperature?
 - (1) DNA with 15% guanine
 - (2) DNA with 30% cytosine
 - (3) DNA with 40% thymine
 - (4) DNA with 50% adenine
- **74.** Following arc the types of immunoglobulin and their functions. Which one of the following is INCORRECTLY paired?
 - (1) IgD: viral pathogen
 - (2) IgG: phagocytosis
 - (3) IgE: allergic reaction
 - (4) IgM: complement Fixation
- **75.** Which one of the following can be used to detect amino acids?
 - (1) Iodine vapour
- (2) Ninhydrin
- (3) Ethidium bromide
- (4) Bromophenol blue

- **72.** If molecular weight of a polypeptide is 15.3 kDa, what **76.** Mutation in a single gene can lead to changes in multiple would be the minimum number of nucleotides in the traits. This is an example of
 - (1) Heterotrophy
- (2) Co-dominance
- (3) Penetrance
- (4) Pleiotropy
- 77. Which one of the following is used to treat cancers?
 - (1) Albumin
- (2) Cyclosporin A
- (3) Antibodies
- (4) Growth hormone
- **78.** Which of the following processes leads to DNA ladder formation?
 - (1) Necrosis
 - (2) Plasmolysis
 - (3) Apoptosis
 - (4) Mitosis
- **79.** Co-enzymes are components of an enzyme complex which are necessary for its function. Which of these is a known
 - (1) Zinc
 - (2) Vitamin B₁₂
 - (3) Chlorophyll
 - (4) Heme
- 80. The peptidoglycans of bacteria consist of
 - (1) sugars. D-amino acids and L-amino acids
 - (2) sugars and only D-amino acids
 - (3) sugars and only L-amino acids
 - (4) sugars and glycinc

PART-II

Two Mark Questions

MATHEMATICS

81. Let
$$x = (\sqrt{50} + 7)^{1/3} - (\sqrt{50} - 7)^{1/3}$$
. Then

- (1) x = 2
- (2) x = 3
- (3) x is a rational number, but not an integer
- (4) x is an irrational number

82. Let
$$(1 + x + x^2)^{2014} = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + \dots + a_{4028} x^{4028}$$
, and let

$$A = a_0 - a_3 + a_6 - ... + a_{4026}$$

$$B = a_1 - a_4 + a_7 - \dots - a_{4027},$$

$$C = a_2 - a_5 + a_8 - \dots + a_{4028}$$

Then

- (1) |A|=|B|>|C|
- (2) |A|=|B|<|C|
- (3) |A|=|C|>|B|
- (4) |A|=|C|<|B|
- 83. A mirror in the first quadrant is in the shape of a hyperbola whose equation is xy = 1. A light source in the second quadrant emits a beam of light that hits the mirror at the point (2, 1/2). If the reflected ray is parallel to the y-axis, the slope of the incident beam is
- (3) $\frac{15}{8}$
- **84.** Let $C(\theta) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\theta)}{n!}$ which of the following statements

is FALSE?

- (1) C(0). $C(\pi) = 1$
- (2) $C(0) + C(\pi) > 2$
- (3) $C(\theta) > 0$ for all $\theta \in R$ (4) $C'(\theta) \neq 0$ for all $\theta \in R$
- 85. Let a > 0 be a real number. Then the limit!

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{a^{x} + a^{3-x} - (a^{2} + a)}{a^{3-x} - a^{x/2}} is$$

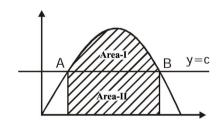
- (1) 2 log a
- (2) $-\frac{4}{3}a$
- (3) $\frac{a^2 + a}{2}$
- (4) $\frac{2}{3}$ (1–a)
- **86.** Let $f(x) = ax^2 2 + \frac{1}{x}$ where α is a real constant. The smallest α for which $f(x) \ge 0$ for all x > 0 is
 - (1) $\frac{2^2}{3^3}$ (2) $\frac{2^3}{3^3}$ (3) $\frac{2^4}{3^3}$ (4) $\frac{2^5}{3^3}$

- 87. Let $f: R \to R$ be a continuous function satisfying

$$f(x) + \int_{0}^{x} tf(t)dt + x^{2} = 0$$
,

for all $x \in R$. Then

- (1) $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x) = 2$
- (2) $\lim_{x\to-\infty} f(x) = -2$
- (3) f(x) has more than one point in common with the x-axis
- (4) f(x) is an odd function
- **88.** The figure shows a portion of the graph $y = 2x 4x^3$. The line y = c is such that the areas of the regions marked I and II are equal. If a, b are the x-coordinates of A, B respectively, then a + b equals



- **89.** Let $X_n = \{1, 2, 3, ..., n\}$ and let a subset A of X_n be [90]. The remainder when the determinant chosen so that every pair of elements of A differ by at least 3. (For example, if n = 5, A can be ϕ , $\{2\}$ or $\{1, 5\}$ among others). When n = 10, let the probability that $1 \in A$ be p and let the probability that $2 \in A$ be q. Then
 - (1) p > q and p q = $\frac{1}{6}$
 - (2) p < q and $q p = \frac{1}{6}$
 - (3) p > q and $p q = \frac{1}{10}$
 - (4) p < q and $q p = \frac{1}{10}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2014^{2014} & 2015^{2015} & 2016^{2016} \\ 2017^{2017} & 2018^{2018} & 2019^{2019} \\ 2020^{2020} & 2021^{2021} & 2022^{2022} \end{vmatrix}$$

is divided by 5 is

(1) 1

(2) 2

(3) 3

(4) 4

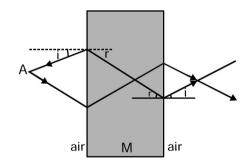
PHYSICS

- 91. A cubical vessel has opaque walls. An observer (dark | 93. A horizontal steel railroad track has a length of 100 m circle in figure below) is located such that she can see only the wall CD but not the bottom. Nearly to what height! should water be poured so that she can see an object ' placed at the bottom at a distance of 10 cm from the comer C? Refractive index of water is 1.33
 - (1) 10 cm
 - (2) 16 cm
 - (3) 27 cm
 - (4) 45 cm
- **92.** The moments of inertia of a non-uniform circular disc (of mass M and radius R) about four mutually perpendicular tangents AB, BC, CD, DA are I_1 , I_2 , I_3 and I_4 , respectively (the square ABCD circumscribes the circle) The distance of the center of mass of the disc from its geometrical center is given by
 - (1) $\frac{1}{4MP}\sqrt{(I_1-I_3)^2+(I_2-I_4)^2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{12MR}\sqrt{(I_1-I_3)^2+(I_2-I_4)^2}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{3MR}\sqrt{(I_1-I_3)^2+(I_3-I_4)^2}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{2MR}\sqrt{(I_1-I_3)^2+(I_2-I_4)^2}$

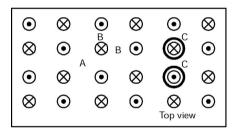
when the temperature is 25°C. The track is constrained from expanding or bending. The stress on the track on a hot summer day, when the temperature is 40°C, is (Note: the linear coefficient of thermal expansion for

steel is 1.1×10^{-5} /°C and the Young's modulus of steel is $2 \times 10^{11} Pa$)

- (1) $6.6 \times 10^7 \, \text{Pa}$
- (2) $8.8 \times 10^7 \, \text{Pa}$
- (3) $3.3 \times 10^7 \, \text{Pa}$
- (4) $5.5 \times 10^7 \text{ Pa}$
- 94. Electromagnetic waves emanating from a point A (in air) are incident on a rectangular block of material M and emerge from the other side as shown. The angles i and r are angles of incidence and refraction when the wave travels from air to the medium. Such paths for the rays are possible



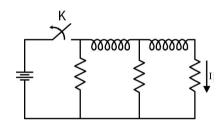
- (1) if the material has a refractive index very nearly equal to zero,
- (2) only with gamma rays with a wavelength smaller than the atomic nuclei of the material.
- (3) if the material has a refractive index less than zero.
- (4) only if the wave travels in M with a speed faster than the speed of light in vacuum.
- 95. Two small metal balls of different mass m₁ and m₂ are connected by strings of equal length to a fixed point. When the balls are given equal charges, the angles that the two strings make with the vertical are 30° and 60°, respectively. The ratio m₁/m₂ is close to
 - (1) 1.7
- (2) 3.0
- (3) 0.58
- (4) 2.0
- 96. Consider the regular array of vertical identical current carrying wires (with direction of current flow as indicated in the figure below) protruding through a horizontal table. If we scatter some diarnagnetic particles on the table, they are likely to accumulate



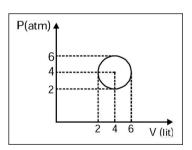
- (1) around regions such as A.
- (2) around regions such as B.
- (3) in circular regions around individual wires such as C.
- (4) uniformly everywhere.
- 97. The distance between the vertex and the center of mass of a uniform solid planar circular segment of angular size θ and radius R is given by
 - (1) $\frac{4}{3}R\frac{\sin(\theta/2)}{\theta}$ (2) $R\frac{\sin(\theta/2)}{\theta}$
 - (3) $\frac{4}{3}$ Rcos $\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$ (4) $\frac{2}{3}$ Rcos(θ)



- **98.** An object is propelled vertically to a maximum height of 4R from the surface of a planet of radius R and mass M. The speed of object when it returns to the surface of the planet is
 - (1) $\sqrt[2]{\frac{2GM}{5R}}$ (2) $\sqrt{\frac{GM}{2R}}$ (3) $\sqrt{\frac{3GM}{2R}}$ (4) $\sqrt{\frac{GM}{5R}}$
- 99. In the circuit shown below, all the inductors (assumed ideal) and resistors are identical. The current through the resistance on the right is I after the key K has been switched on for a long time. The currents through the three resistors (in order, from left to right) immediately after the key is switched off are



- (1) 2I upwards, I downwards and I downwards.
- (2) 2I downwards, I downwards and I downwards.
- (3) I downwards, I downwards and I downwards.
- (4) 0 I downwards and I downwards
- **100.** An ideal gas undergoes a circular cycle centered at 4 atm, 4 lit as shown in the diagram. The maximum temperature attained in this process is close to

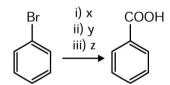


- (1) 30/R
- (2) 36/R
- (3) 24/R
- (4) 16/R

CHEMISTRY

- **101.** For the reaction $N_2 + 3X_2 \rightarrow 2NX_3$ where X = F, CI (the $\frac{1}{2}$ 106. An organic compound having molecular formula C_2H_6O average bond energies are F-F = 155 kJ mol⁻¹, $N-F = 272 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$, $CI-CI = 242 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ $N-CI = 200 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \text{ and } N = N = 941 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}), \text{ the } \frac{1}{2}$ heats of formation of NF₃ and NCl₃ in kJ mol⁻¹, respectively, are closest to
 - (1) 226 and + 467
- (2) +226 and -467
- (3) -151 and +311
- (4) + 151 and -311
- **102.** The equilibrium constants for the reactions X = 2Y and Z = P + Q are K_1 and K_2 respectively. If the initial concentrations and the degree of dissociation of X and Z arc the same, the ratio K₁/K₂ is
 - (1) 4

- (2) 1
- (3) 0.5
- (4) 2
- **103.** The geometry and the number of unpaired electron(s) of [MnBr₄]²⁻, respectively, are
 - (1) tetrahedral and 1
- (2) square planar and 1
- (3) tetrahedral and 5
- (4) square planar and 5
- 104. The standard cell potential for Zn|Zn²⁺||(Cu²⁺ |Cu is 1.10 V. When the cell is completely discharged, log [Zn²⁺]/[Cu²⁺] is closest to
 - (1) 37.3
- (2) 0.026
- (3) 18.7
- (4) 0.052
- 105. In the reaction



x,y and z are

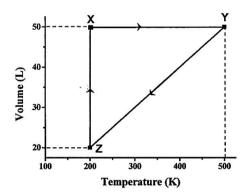
- (1) x = Mg, dry ether; $y = CH_3CI$; $z = H_2O$
- (2) x = Mg, dry methanol; $y = CO_2$; z = dil. HCI
- (3) x = Mg, dry ether, $y = CO_2$; z = dil. HCI
- (4) x = Mg, dry methanol; $y = CH_3Cl$; $z = H_2O$

- undergoes oxidation with K₂Cr₂O₇/H₂SO₄ to produce X which contains 40 % carbon, 6.7 % hydrogen and 53.3 % oxygen. The molecular formula of the compound Xis
 - (1) CH₂O
- (2) $C_2H_4O_2$
- (3) C_2H_4O
- $(4) C_2H_6O_2$
- 107. The maximum number of cyclic isomers (positional and optical) of a compound having molecular formula C₃H₂Cl₃
 - (1) 2

(2) 3

(3) 4

- (4) 5
- 108. The volume vs. temperature graph of 1 mole of an ideal gas is given below



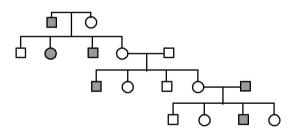
The pressure of the gas (in atm) at X, Y and Z, respectively, are

- (1) 0.328, 0.820, 0.820 (2) 3.28, 8.20, 3.28
- (3) 0.238, 0.280, 0.280 (4) 32.8, 0.280, 82.0
- 109. MnO₂ when fused with KOH and oxidized in air gives a dark green compound X. In acidic solution. X undergoes disproportionation to give an intense purple compound Y and MnO₂. The compounds X and Y, respectively, are
 - (1) K_2MnO_4 and $KMnO_4$ (2) Mn_2O_7 and $KMnO_4$
 - $(3) K_2MnO_4$ and Mn_2O_7 $(4) KMnO_4$ and K_2MnO_4

- 110. A metal (X) dissolves both in dilute HCl and dilute NaOH to liberate H₂. Addition of NH₄Cl and excess NH₄OH to an HCI solution of X produces Y as a precipitate. Y is also produced by adding NH₄Cl to the NaOH solution of X. The species X and Y. respectively, are
- (1) $Zn and Zn(OH)_{2}$
- (2) Al and Al(OH)₂
- (3) $Zn \text{ and } Na_2ZnO_2$
- (4) Al and NaAlO₂

BIOLOGY

- 111. How many bands are seen when immunoglobulin G 1114. A person has 400 million alveoli per lung with an average molecules are analysed on a sodium dodecyl sulphatepolyacrylamidc gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) under reducing conditions?
 - (1) 6
- (2) 1
- (3) 2
- (4) 4
- 112. In a mixed culture of slow and fast growing bacteria, penicillin will
 - (1) kill the fast growing bacteria more than the slow growing
 - (2) kill slow growing bacteria more than the fast growing
 - (3) kill both the fast and slow growing bacteria equally
 - (4) will not kill bacteria at ail
- **113.** Consider the following pedigree over four generations and mark the correct answer below about the inheritance of haemophilia.



- ☐ Normal male
- Haemophtilic male
- O Normal female
- Hacmophilic female
- (1) Haemophilia is X-linked dominant
- (2) Haemophilia is autosomal dominant
- Haemophilia is X-linked recessive
- Haemophilia is Y-linked dominant

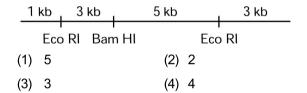
- radius of 0.1 mm for each alveolus. Considering the alveoli arc spherical in shape, the total respiratorysurface of that person is closest to
 - (1) 500 mm²
- (2) 200 mm²
- (3) 100 mm²
- (4) 1000 mm²
- 115. A mixture of equal numbers of fast and slow dividing cells is cultured in a medium containing a trace amount of radioactively labeled thymidine for one hour. The cells are then transferred to regular (unlabelled) medium. After 24 hrs of growth in regular media
 - (1) fast dividing cells will have maximum radioactivity
 - (2) slow dividing cells will have maximum radioactivity
 - (3) both will have same amount of radioactivity
 - (4) there will be no radioactivity in either types of cells
- 116. If a double stranded DNA has 15% cytosine, what is the % of adenine in the DNA?
 - (1) 15 %
- (2) 70 %
- (3) 35 %
- (4) 30 %
- 117. The mitochondrial inner membrane consists of a number of infoldings called cristae. The increased surface area due to cristae helps in:
 - (1) Increasing the volume of mitochondria
 - (2) Incorporating more of the protein complexes essential for electron transport chain
 - Changing the pH
 - (4) Increasing diffusion of ions

KVPY-SB/SX-01.11.2015 XII

- **118.** The activity of a certain protein is dependent on its 120. Enzyme X catalyzes hydrolysis of GTP into GDP. The phosphorylation. A mutation in its gene changed a single amino acid which affected the function of the molecule. Which amino acid change is most likely to account for this observation?
 - (1) Tyrosine to Tryptophan
 - (2) Lysine to valine

16

- (3) Leucine to isoleucine
- (4) Valine to alanine
- 119. Consider the linear double stranded DNA shown below. The restriction enzyme sites and the lengths demarcated are shown. This DNA is completely digested with both EcoRI and BamHI restriction enzymes. If the product is analyzed by gel electrophoresis. How many distinct bands would be observed?



- GTP-bound form of X transmits a signal that leads to cell proliferation. The GDP-bound form does not transmit any such signal. Mutations in X arc found in many cancers. Which of the following alterations of X are most likely to contribute to cancer?
 - (1) Mutations that increase the affinity of X for GDP.
 - (2) Mutations that decrease the affinity of X for GTP.
 - (3) Mutations that decrease the rate of GTP hydrolysis.
 - (4) Mutations that prevent expression of enzyme X.

17 KVPY-SB/SX-01.11.2015_XII								B/SX-01.11.2015_XII
			ANSWERS KVPY-SB/SX_01.11.2015					
1.	(4)	16. (4)	31. (3)	46. (2)	61. (1)	76. (4)	91. (3)	106. (2)
2.	(1)	17. (2)	32. (1)	47. (2)	62. (2)	77. (3)	92. (1)	107. (3)
3.	(3)	18. (2)	33. (4)	 48. (1) 	63. (1)	 78. (3) 	93. (3)	108. (1)
4.	(*)	19. (3)	34. (2)	 49. (2)	64. (3)	 79. (2)	94. (3)	 109. (1)
5.	(2)	20. (4)	35. (3)	50. (4)	65. (3)	80. (1)	95. (1)	110. (2)
6.	(2)	 21. (1) 	36. (2)	 51. (2) 	66. (1)	 81. (1) 	 96. (1) 	 111. (3)
7.	(3)	22. (*)	37. (4)	52. (1)	67. (2)	82. (4)	97. (1)	 112. (1)
8.	(2)	23. (3)	38. (1)	53. (2)	68. (3)	83. (3)	98. (1)	113. (3)
9.	(1)	 24. (2) 	 39. (4)	 54. (1) 	69. (1)	 84. (4) 	 99. (1) 	 114. (**)
10.	(1)	25. (4)	40. (1)	55. (3)	70. (2)	85. (4)	100. (1)	115. (1)
11.	(4)	26. (2)	41. (3)	56. (4)	71. (1)	86. (4)	101. (**)	116. (3)
12.	(4)	27. (1)	 42. (2)	57. (3)	72. (1)	 87. (2)	 102. (1)	 117. (2)
13.	(4)	28. (2)	43. (2)	58. (1)	73. (2)	88. (1)	103. (3)	118. (1)
14.	(1)	29. (1)	44. (4)	59. (3)	74. (1)	 89. (3) 	 104. (1) 	 119. (3)
15.	(2)	 30. (1)	 45. (3)	60.(1/2)	75. (2)	 90. (4)	 105. (3)	 120. (3)

^{*} Candidates who have attempted this section will be awarded one mark.

^{**} Candidates who have attempted this section will be awarded two mark.